CM0081 Automata and Formal Languages § 1.4 Formal Proofs

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Preliminaries

Conventions

- ▶ The number and page numbers assigned to chapters, examples, exercises, figures, quotes, sections and theorems on these slides correspond to the numbers assigned in the textbook [Hopcroft, Motwani and Ullman 2007].
- ▶ The natural numbers include the zero, that is, $\mathbb{N} = \{0, 1, 2, ...\}$.
- \blacktriangleright The power set of a set A, that is, the set of its subsets, is denoted by $\mathcal{P}A$.

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Proofs by Contradiction and Proofs of Negations

Proof by contradiction (or *reductio ad absurdum*)

$$\begin{bmatrix} \neg \beta \end{bmatrix} \\
\vdots \\
\underline{\beta}$$

Proof of negation [Bauer 2017]

$$\begin{bmatrix} \beta \end{bmatrix} \\ \vdots \\ \underline{\perp} \\ \neg \beta \end{bmatrix}$$

Proofs by Contradiction and Proofs of Negations

Proof by contradiction (or *reductio ad absurdum*)

$$\begin{bmatrix} \neg \beta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$\beta$$

Justifications

$$\begin{array}{c} [\neg\beta] \\ \vdots \\ \hline \frac{\bot}{\neg\beta\to\bot} \text{ (conditional proof)} \\ \hline \frac{\neg\gamma\to}{\beta} (\vdash\neg\neg\alpha\to\alpha) \end{array}$$

Proof of negation [Bauer 2017]

$$\begin{bmatrix} \beta \end{bmatrix} \\ \vdots \\ \underline{\bot} \\ \neg \beta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
[\beta] \\
\vdots \\
\frac{\bot}{\beta \to \bot} \text{ (conditional proof)} \\
\frac{}{\neg \beta} (\neg \alpha := \alpha \to \bot)
\end{array}$$

Inductive Proofs: Mathematical Induction

The induction principle

Let S(n) be a property about natural numbers. If

- (i) we prove S(i) (basis step) and
- (ii) we prove that for all natural number $n \geq i$, S(n) implies S(n+1) (inductive step),

then we may conclude S(n) for all $n \geq i$.

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The structural induction principle

Let S(X) be a property about structures X that are defined by some recursive/inductive definition. If

- (i) we prove S(X) for the basis structure(s) of X (basis step) and
- (ii) given a structure X whose recursive/inductive definition says it is formed from Y_1,\ldots,Y_k , we prove S(X) assuming that the properties $S(Y_1),\ldots,S(Y_k)$ hold (inductive step),

then S(X) is true for all X.

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Example

Given the functions $f,g,h:\mathbb{N}\to\mathbb{N}$ and properties R,S,T,

$$f(0) = 0,$$
 $g(0) = 1,$ $h(0) = 0,$ $f(n+1) = g(n),$ $g(n+1) = f(n),$ $h(n+1) = 1 - h(n),$

$$R(n)\colon h(n)=1-g(n), \hspace{1cm} S(n)\colon h(n)=f(n), \hspace{1cm} T(n)\colon S(n)\wedge R(n),$$

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- 1. To prove $(\forall n)R(n)$ (impossible!)
- 2. To prove $(\forall n)S(n)$ (impossible!)

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Example

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$$R(n)\colon h(n)=1-g(n), \qquad S(n)\colon h(n)=f(n), \qquad T(n)\colon S(n)\wedge R(n),$$

- 1. To prove $(\forall n)R(n)$ (impossible!)
- 2. To prove $(\forall n)S(n)$ (impossible!)
- 3. To prove $(\forall n)T(n)$ (by mutual induction)

(continued on next slide)

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Proof

ightharpoonup Basis step T(0). Easy.

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Proof

- ightharpoonup Basis step T(0). Easy.
- ▶ Induction step $T(n) \Rightarrow T(n+1)$:

$$S(n): \quad h(n+1) = 1 - h(n)$$
 (def. of h)
 $= g(n)$ (IH $R(n)$)
 $= f(n+1)$ (def. of f)

$$R(n): \quad h(n+1) = 1 - h(n)$$
 (def. of h)
= $1 - f(n)$ (IH $S(n)$)
= $1 - g(n+1)$ (def. of g)

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References



Bauer, A. (2017). Five States of Accepting Constructive Mathematics. Bulletin of the American Mathematical Society 54.3, pp. 481–498. DOI: 10.1090/bull/1556 (cit. on pp. 3, 4).



Hopcroft, J. E., Motwani, R. and Ullman, J. D. [1979] (2007). Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages, and Computation. 3rd ed. Pearson Education (cit. on p. 2).

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